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Question: Most halachos of *shemittah* are applicable only in *Eretz Yisroel*. I don't live in *Eretz Yisroel*. Does any aspect of *shemittah* apply to me? **Answer**: You are correct that *shemittah* is primarily an agricultural mitzvah that only applies in *Eretz Yisroel*, but there is also another aspect of *shemittah* that applies equally in *chutz la'aretz*. That is the aspect of *shemitas kesafim*. The *pasuk* in Parshas Re'eh states that anyone who borrowed money before *shemittah* has his debt erased by the *shemittah* year. (According to most opinions, the debt is annulled at the end of the *shemittah* year.) There is an explicit prohibition for the lender to demand payment on such a loan.

The *pasuk* tells us that one must not refrain from lending money because the *shemittah* year is approaching. The Gemara in Gittin relates that Hillel saw that people were still hesitant to lend money in advance of a *shemittah* year so in order to solve this problem, he enacted the concept of *pruzbul*. A *pruzbul* is where loans are given over to the authority of a beis din, who are allowed to collect the debts even after a *shemittah* year. The rules of *shemitas kesafim* apply both in *eretz Yisroel* and in *chutz la'aretz*, which is why people in both locations must write *pruzbuls*.

There is an agricultural aspect of *shemittah* that is relevant in *chutz la'aretz* as well. In addition to the prohibition to work on the land during the *shemittah* year, there are halachos that apply to the produce itself.

- 1. Anything that grows in *Eretz Yisroel* during *shemittah* has a holiness known as *kedushas sheviis*, and must be treated in a very specific way. This produce must be eaten in the proper way, cannot be destroyed, and one may not do business with it.
- 2. Furthermore, if someone worked the field in Eretz Yisrael in a forbidden way during *shemittah*, any crops that grow as a result of this work are prohibited to be eaten at all.
- 3. There is yet another rule regarding vegetables that grow on their own during *shemittah*. These vegetables are known as *sefichim*, and they are Rabbinically prohibited to be eaten.

Someone who lives in *chutz la'aretz* must keep these halachos too; therefore, he must be aware that if crops grown in *Eretz Yisroel* are sold in his local supermarket, he should make sure they bear a reliable *hashgacha* before purchasing them.